had his picture taken with Brian, a picture that Brian now has, and a copy of another picture that I have of Brian and myself and Strom that is in a prominent place in my office today in the Russell Building

the Russell Building.
Strom Thurmond paid this same level of attention, which he paid to his colleague in the Senate and to his colleague's son, to all his constituents. And we know that. We have all heard the stories. It did not matter whether you were a U.S. Senator or whether you worked in a filling station or who you were in his home State of South Carolina; it did not matter. That was Strom Thurmond. It did not matter who you were, Strom paid attention to you.

We have all heard the stories about the birthdays and the anniversaries, constituent problems. It did not matter. Strom was there.

Strom Thurmond has left a mark on his State and our country through his kindness and his personal attention to others—a mark that surely will not be forgotten or held in anything less than the highest regard.

We thank Strom for his service to our country, to South Carolina, and to the people who will miss his kindness and his friendship. We thank Strom for his extra efforts to help those in need, those he loved, and those he came to the Senate to represent.

We will remember this man, our friend, fondly. He was a man of courage, a man of integrity, a man of passion, a man who loved this country dearly.

We thank you, Strom. We miss you. We respect you.

ORDERS FOR THURSDAY, JULY 24, 2003

Mr. DEWINE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that when the Senate completes its business today, it stand in recess until 9:30 a.m., Thursday, July 24. I further ask consent that following the prayer and pledge, the Journal of proceedings be approved, the time for the two leaders be reserved for their use later in the day, and the Senate then begin a period of morning business, with the first 15 minutes under the control of the minority leader or his designee, and the next 15 minutes under the control of Senator HUTCHISON or her designee; provided that following morning business, the Senate resume consideration of Calendar No. 192, H.R. 2555, the Department of Homeland Security appropriations bill.

I further ask consent that the Senate observe a moment of silence at 3:40 p.m. tomorrow in honor of Capitol Police Officers Jacob Chestnut and John Gibson.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

SCHEDULE

Mr. DEWINE. Mr. President, for the information of all Senators, tomorrow

the Senate will be in a period of morning business until approximately 10 a.m. Following morning business, the Senate will resume consideration of H.R. 2555, the Department of Homeland Security appropriations bill. Again, it is the majority leader's intention to complete action on this bill during tomorrow's session. There are several Democratic Senators who still have amendments to offer, and we will try to enter short time agreements with respect to those amendments. Rollcall votes, therefore, should be expected throughout the day tomorrow as the Senate will continue to work through the remaining amendments to the bill. Senators will be notified when the first vote is scheduled.

As a reminder, the Senate will observe a moment of silence tomorrow at 3:40 p.m. to pay tribute to two of our fallen Capitol Police officers. Members are encouraged to remain in the Chamber during that moment of silence.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Does the Senator from Ohio yield the floor?

Mr. DEWINE. Let me just, if I could, conclude before I yield.

ORDER FOR RECESS

Mr. DEWINE. If there is no further business to come before the Senate, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate recess under the previous order, following the remarks of Senator DAYTON for up to 15 minutes.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The senior Senator from Minnesota.

TRIBUTE TO KENNETH N. DAYTON

Mr. DAYTON. Mr. President, I rise to pay tribute to one of Minnesota's leading citizens who passed away last Saturday, a man who also happens to be my uncle, Kenneth N. Dayton.

Kenneth Dayton was one of five brothers who returned from their service in World War II, and when their father died in 1950, took ownership and operating control of a single department store in Minneapolis which was then known as the Dayton Company. Ken was instrumental, along with my father, Bruce Dayton, in building that small family-owned business into what is now Target Corporation, the second largest retail company in America.

Last year, Target Corporation owned and operated some 1,500 stores in 48 States under the names Target, Marshall Fields, and Mervyn's. The week I took office in January 2001, the company announced that it was changing the name of its upper midwest Dayton's department stores to Marshall Fields. I have always suspected they did so because they were concerned I was going to generate so much bad publicity for the Dayton name that they better make that change while they could.

Kenneth Dayton, however, added only stature and respect to our family name. He was a brilliant retailer who understood merchandise, marketing, and consumers. He served as president, chief executive officer, and chairman of the board during two decades of expansions and acquisitions in the 1960s and 1970s, which transformed the company into a publicly owned corporation and a national retailer.

Early on, the five brothers established a practice of contributing 5 percent of pretax profits to charitable organizations. It was one of their ways to give back to and enhance the communities where the stores were located.

Kenneth Dayton became a national spokesman for this 5 percent club, and he persuaded many other leaders of American corporations to adopt the practice of contributing, if not 5 percent, at least some designated amount of their profits to worthwhile social causes.

Ken and his wife of over 50 years, Judy Dayton, practiced what he preached. They have been two of Minnesota's leading philanthropists during the last half century, contributing, by their own account, over \$100 million to charitable organizations. The Minneapolis symphony orchestra, a world class symphony orchestra, which performs in a world class orchestral hall, has been a principal beneficiary and great love of Ken and Judy Dayton. But hundreds of other organizations, large and small, engaged in all kinds of important work, have been also recipients of their wonderful sense of social responsibility.

That wide variety of causes reflected Ken Dayton's wide breadth of interests. He had enormous enthusiasm for life, and he brought that enthusiasm to everything he did, along with a keen intellect and a world of life experience.

Because of his stature as a civic leader in Minnesota and the importance of his many contributions to the city of Minneapolis, to the State of Minnesota, and to our country, I would be making this tribute to Kenneth N. Dayton were he not my uncle, but I am proud he was. He inspired, supported, and guided our family and so many others whose lives he touched. I am fortunate to have been one of those blessed by his life and his love.

John Kennedy, as President in 1961, said for those to whom much is given, much is required. And when at some future date the high court of history sits in judgment of each of us, our success or failure will be measured by the answers to four questions: First, were we truly men of courage? Second, were we truly men of judgment? Third, were we truly men of integrity? Finally, were we truly men of dedication?

By those four measures, Kenneth Dayton was a success—a great success. He was a great man and, more importantly, he was a good man.

Well done, good and faithful servant. May you rest in peace.

I yield the floor.